Set theory - Winter semester 2016-17	
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Problem 33 (6 points). Let S_{α} denote the set of finite strictly decreasing sequences of ordinals strictly below $\alpha \in \text{Ord}$ and

$$S = \bigcup_{\alpha \in \text{Ord}} S_{\alpha}.$$

Let $\vec{s} = (s_0, \dots, s_m) <^* \vec{t} = (t_0, \dots, t_n)$ for $\vec{s}, \vec{t} \in S$ if

- (i) n < m and $s_i = t_i$ for all i < n or
- (ii) there is some $i \le \min(\{m, n\})$ with $s(i) \ne t(i)$, and for the least such i, s(i) < t(i).

Prove the following statements.

- (a) $<^*$ is a wellfounded relation on S (hint: you can use Problem 15).
- (b) $(S_{\omega+\omega}, <^*)$ is isomorphic to $(\omega \cdot \omega, <)$, where $\omega + \omega$ denotes the ordinal sum and $\omega \cdot \omega$ denotes the ordinal product.

Problem 34 (4 points). Prove the following statements.

- (a) If λ is a limit cardinal, then there is a cofinal function $f: \operatorname{cof}(\lambda) \to \operatorname{Card} \cap \lambda$.
- (b) If λ is an infinite cardinal, then $\operatorname{cof}(\lambda)$ is equal to the least ordinal γ such that there is a sequence $\langle \kappa_i \mid i < \gamma \rangle$ such that $\kappa_i \in \operatorname{Card} \cap \lambda$ for all $i < \gamma$ and $\sum_{i < \gamma} \kappa_i = \lambda$.
- **Problem 35** (4 points). (a) Show that for every transitive set $x, (x, \in)$ satisfies the Axiom of Extensionality.
 - (b) Suppose that κ is (strongly) inaccessible. Show that V_{κ} is closed under the following operations.
 - (i) Power sets, pairs and unions.
 - (ii) For every formula $\varphi(x, y, z)$, the map f_{φ} sending an ordered pair (y, z) to the set

$$f_{\varphi}(y,z) = \{ x \in y \mid \varphi(x,y,z) \}.$$

(iii) For every formula $\varphi(a, b, c, d)$, the map g_{φ} sending an ordered pair (c, d) to the set

$$g_{\varphi}(c,d) = \{(a,b) \in V_{\kappa} \mid a \in c \land \varphi(a,b,c,d)\}$$

if this is a function, and to $g_{\varphi}(c,d)=0$ otherwise.

Problem 36 (6 points). Suppose that the GCH holds. Then for $\kappa, \lambda \in Card$,

- (a) For $\lambda < \operatorname{cof}(\kappa), \kappa^{\lambda} = \kappa$.
- (b) For $\operatorname{cof}(\kappa) \le \lambda \le \kappa, \ \kappa^{\lambda} = \kappa^{+}$.
- (c) For $\lambda > \kappa$, $\kappa^{\lambda} = \lambda^{+}$.

Due Friday, December 16, before the lecture.